

Level Expected at the End of EYFS – Coral Class

The following early years goals are prerequisite skills for PSHE in KS1.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development: Self-Regulation - Show an understanding of their own feelings and those of others, and begin to regulate their behaviour accordingly. Set and work towards simple goals, being able to wait for what they want and control their immediate impulses when appropriate. Give focused attention to what the teacher says, responding appropriately even when engaged in activity, and show an ability to follow instructions involving several ideas or actions.

Personal, Social and Emotional Development: Managing Self - Be confident to try new activities and show independence, resilience and perseverance in the face of challenge. Explain the reasons for rules, know right from wrong and try to behave accordingly. Manage their own basic hygiene and personal needs, including dressing, going to the toilet and understanding the importance of healthy food choices.



LANGHAM VILLAGE SCHOOL

Personal, Social and Emotional Development: Building Relationships - Work and play cooperatively and take turns with others. Form positive attachments to adults and friendships with peers. Show sensitivity to their own and to others' needs.

Understanding the World: People, Culture and Communities - Know some similarities and differences between different religious and cultural communities in this country, drawing on their experiences and what has been read in class.

Government Guidance

SMSC, Personal Development and Behaviour and Attitude

▶ All schools must show how well they support children's spiritual, moral, social and cultural (SMSC) development, including the promotion of British Values, and the effectiveness of this will be evaluated as part of the 'personal development' judgement of a school inspection. PSHE and Citizenship Education encompasses many of the elements of effective SMSC provision as well as contributing to personal development by equipping pupils with the attributes, knowledge and skills they need to support physical, mental and emotional wellbeing in school and beyond. PSHE and Citizenship education also contributes to the 'behaviour and attitudes' judgement of school inspections by developing positive attitudes to learning, a positive and respectful culture and by encouraging learners to develop positive behaviour and conduct.

The curriculum for a maintained school [must be] a balanced and broadly-based curriculum which –

- (a) promotes the spiritual, moral, cultural, mental and physical development of pupils at the school and of society, and
- (b) prepares pupils at the school for the opportunities, responsibilities and experiences of later life.

Taken from: [Section 78 \(1\) Education Act 2002](#)

Safeguarding

▶ The **statutory guidance on safeguarding for children in schools and colleges** requires schools to 'ensure that children are taught about safeguarding, including online safety. Schools should consider this as part of providing a broad and balanced curriculum'. Effective PSHE education supports safeguarding by delivering protective learning opportunities on a range of potential safeguarding issues identified by Ofsted in the guidance Inspecting **Safeguarding in Early Years, Education and Skills Settings**, including:

- neglect
- physical abuse
- sexual abuse
- emotional abuse
- bullying, including online bullying and prejudice-based bullying
- racist, disability and homophobic or transphobic abuse
- gender-based violence/violence against women and girls
- peer-on-peer abuse, such as sexual violence and harassment
- radicalisation and/or extremist behaviour
- risks linked to using technology and social media, including online bullying; the risks of being groomed online for exploitation or radicalisation; and risks of accessing and generating inappropriate content, for example 'sexting'
- substance misuse
- domestic abuse
- female genital mutilation
- forced marriage
- poor parenting

Curriculum

▶ Although PSHE and Citizenship are non-statutory subjects for maintained schools, the **National Curriculum Framework** states that all state schools 'should make provision for personal, social, health and economic education (PSHE), drawing on good practice'. All schools have an obligation to promote the fundamental British Values of democracy, the rule of law, individual liberty and mutual respect and tolerance of those with different faiths and beliefs, all of which fall within the non-statutory **Programme of Study for Citizenship at KS1 and KS2**.

▶ The 2019 Guidance for Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) education states that 'personal, social, health and economic (PSHE) education is an important and necessary part of all pupils' education. All schools should teach PSHE, drawing on good practice, and this expectation is outlined in the introduction to the proposed new national curriculum'.

We expect schools to use their PSHE education programme to equip pupils with a sound understanding of risk and with the knowledge and skills necessary to make safe and informed decisions.

Schools should seek to use PSHE education to build, where appropriate, on the statutory content already outlined in the national curriculum, the basic school curriculum and in statutory guidance on: drug education, financial education, sex and relationship education (SRE) and the importance of physical activity and diet for a healthy lifestyle.

Taken from: **Guidance for Personal, Social, Health and Economic (PSHE) Education 2019**

▶ Two key aspects of PSHE education, Relationships Education and Health Education, will be compulsory in all primary schools from 2020. PSHE education is compulsory in independent schools.

Learning Outcomes and Core Themes

► The PSHE Association Programme of Study is based on three core themes within which there is broad overlap and flexibility.

- Health and Wellbeing

- Relationships

- Living in the Wider World

Health and Wellbeing KS1

H1. about what keeping healthy means; different ways to keep healthy
H2. about foods that support good health and the risks of eating too much sugar
H3. about how physical activity helps us to stay healthy; and ways to be physically active everyday
H4. about why sleep is important and different ways to rest and relax
H5. simple hygiene routines that can stop germs from spreading
H6. that medicines (including vaccinations and immunisations and those that support allergic reactions) can help people to stay healthy
H7. about dental care and visiting the dentist; how to brush teeth correctly; food and drink that support dental health
H9. about different ways to learn and play; recognising the importance of knowing when to take a break from time online or TV
H10. about the people who help us to stay physically healthy
H11. about different feelings that humans can experience
H12. how to recognise and name different feelings
H13. how feelings can affect people's bodies and how they behave
H14. how to recognise what others might be feeling
H15. to recognise that not everyone feels the same at the same time, or feels the same about the same things

H16. about ways of sharing feelings; a range of words to describe feelings
H17. about things that help people feel good (e.g. playing outside, doing things they enjoy, spending time with family, getting enough sleep)
H19. to recognise when they need help with feelings; that it is important to ask for help with feelings; and how to ask for it
H20. about change and loss (including death); to identify feelings associated with this; to recognise what helps people to feel better
H21. to recognise what makes them special
H22. to recognise the ways in which we are all unique
H24. how to manage when finding things difficult
H25. to name the main parts of the body including external genitalia (e.g. vulva, vagina, penis, testicles)
H26. about growing and changing from young to old and how people's needs change
H27. about preparing to move to a new class/year group
H28. about rules and age restrictions that keep us safe

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H29. to recognise risk in simple everyday situations and what action to take to minimise harm

H30. about how to keep safe at home (including around electrical appliances) and fire safety (e.g. not playing with matches and lighters)

H32. ways to keep safe in familiar and unfamiliar environments (e.g. beach, shopping centre, park, swimming pool, on the street) and how to cross the road safely

H33. about the people whose job it is to help keep us safe

H34. basic rules to keep safe online, including what is meant by personal information and what should be kept private; the importance of telling a trusted adult if they come across something that scares them

H36. how to get help in an emergency (how to dial 999 and what to say)

H37. about things that people can put into their body or on their skin; how these can affect how people feel

H1. how to make informed decisions about health	H13. about the benefits of the internet; the importance of balancing time online with other activities; strategies for managing time online
H2. about the elements of a balanced, healthy lifestyle	H14. how and when to seek support, including which adults to speak to in and outside school, if they are worried about their health
H3. about choices that support a healthy lifestyle, and recognise what might influence these	H15. that mental health, just like physical health, is part of daily life; the importance of taking care of mental health
H4. how to recognise that habits can have both positive and negative effects on a healthy lifestyle	H16. about strategies and behaviours that support mental health – including how good quality sleep, physical exercise/time outdoors, being involved in community groups, doing things for others, clubs, and activities, hobbies and spending time with family and friends can support mental health and wellbeing
H5. about what good physical health means; how to recognise early signs of physical illness	H17. to recognise that feelings can change over time and range in intensity
H6. about what constitutes a healthy diet; how to plan healthy meals; benefits to health and wellbeing of eating nutritionally rich foods; risks associated with not eating a healthy diet including obesity and tooth decay.	H18. about everyday things that affect feelings and the importance of expressing feelings
H7. how regular (daily/weekly) exercise benefits mental and physical health (e.g. walking or cycling to school, daily active mile); recognise opportunities to be physically active and some of the risks associated with an inactive lifestyle	H19. a varied vocabulary to use when talking about feelings; about how to express feelings in different ways
H8. about how sleep contributes to a healthy lifestyle; routines that support good quality sleep; the effects of lack of sleep on the body, feelings, behaviour and ability to learn	H20. strategies to respond to feelings, including intense or conflicting feelings; how to manage and respond to feelings appropriately and proportionately in different situations
H9. that bacteria and viruses can affect health; how everyday hygiene routines can limit the spread of infection; the wider importance of personal hygiene and how to maintain it	H21. to recognise warning signs about mental health and wellbeing and how to seek support for themselves and others
H10. how medicines, when used responsibly, contribute to health; that some diseases can be prevented by vaccinations and immunisations; how allergies can be managed	H22. to recognise that anyone can experience mental ill health; that most difficulties can be resolved with help and support; and that it is important to discuss feelings with a trusted adult
H11. how to maintain good oral hygiene (including correct brushing and flossing); why regular visits to the dentist are essential; the impact of lifestyle choices on dental care (e.g. sugar consumption/acidic drinks such as fruit juices, smoothies and fruit teas; the effects of smoking)	H23. about change and loss, including death, and how these can affect feelings; ways of expressing and managing grief and bereavement
H12. about the benefits of sun exposure and risks of overexposure; how to keep safe from sun damage and sun/heat stroke and reduce the risk of skin cancer	

H24. problem-solving strategies for dealing with emotions, challenges and change, including the transition to new schools	H38. how to predict, assess and manage risk in different situations
H25. about personal identity; what contributes to who we are (e.g. ethnicity, family, gender, faith, culture, hobbies, likes/dislikes)	H39. about hazards (including fire risks) that may cause harm, injury or risk in the home and what they can do reduce risks and keep safe
H26. that for some people gender identity does not correspond with their biological sex	H40. about the importance of taking medicines correctly and using household products safely, (e.g. following instructions carefully)
H27. to recognise their individuality and personal qualities	H41. strategies for keeping safe in the local environment or unfamiliar places (rail, water, road) and firework safety; safe use of digital devices when out and about
H28. to identify personal strengths, skills, achievements and interests and how these contribute to a sense of self-worth	H42. about the importance of keeping personal information private; strategies for keeping safe online, including how to manage requests for personal information or images of themselves and others; what to do if frightened or worried by something seen or read online and how to report concerns, inappropriate content and contact
H29. about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking	H43. about what is meant by first aid; basic techniques for dealing with common injuries ²
H30. to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction	H44. how to respond and react in an emergency situation; how to identify situations that may require the emergency services; know how to contact them and what to say
H31. to identify the external genitalia and internal reproductive organs in males and females and how the process of puberty relates to human reproduction	H45. that female genital mutilation (FGM) is against British law, what to do and whom to tell if they think they or someone they know might be at risk ³
H32. about how hygiene routines change during the time of puberty, the importance of keeping clean and how to maintain personal hygiene	H46. about the risks and effects of legal drugs common to everyday life (e.g. cigarettes, e-cigarettes/vaping, alcohol and medicines) and their impact on health; recognise that drug use can become a habit which can be difficult to break
H33. about the processes of reproduction and birth as part of the human life cycle; how babies are conceived and born (and that there are ways to prevent a baby being made); how babies need to be cared for ¹	H47. to recognise that there are laws surrounding the use of legal drugs and that some drugs are illegal to own, use and give to others
H34. about where to get more information, help and advice about growing and changing, especially about puberty	H48. about why people choose to use or not use drugs (including nicotine, alcohol and medicines);
H35. about the new opportunities and responsibilities that increasing independence may bring	H49. about the mixed messages in the media about drugs, including alcohol and smoking/vaping
H36. strategies to manage transitions between classes and key stages	H50. about the organisations that can support people concerning alcohol, tobacco and nicotine or other drug use; people they can talk to if they have concerns
H37. reasons for following and complying with regulations and restrictions (including age restrictions); how they promote personal safety and wellbeing with reference to social media, television programmes, films, games and online gaming	

Relationships KS1

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| R1. About the roles different people (e.g. acquaintances, friends and relatives) play in our lives |
| R2. To identify the people who love and care for them and what they do to help them feel cared for |
| R3. About different types of families including those that may be different to their own |
| R4. to recognise what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind, what is right and wrong |
| R5. That it is important to tell someone (such as their teacher) if something about their family makes them unhappy or worried |
| R6. About how people make friends and what makes a good friendship |
| R7. About how to recognise when they or someone else feels lonely and what to do |
| R8. Simple strategies to resolve arguments between friends positively |
| R9. How to ask for help if a friendship is making them feel unhappy |
| R10. That bodies and feelings can be hurt by words and actions; that people can say hurtful things online |
| R11. About how people may feel if they experience hurtful behaviour or bullying |
| R12. That hurtful behaviour (offline and online) including teasing, name-calling, bullying and deliberately excluding others is not acceptable; how to report bullying; the importance of telling a trusted adult |
| R13. To recognise that some things are private and the importance of respecting privacy; that parts of their body covered by underwear are private |
| R14. That sometimes people may behave differently online, including by pretending to be someone they are not |
| R15. How to respond safely to adults they don't know |

Relationships KS1

R1. to communicate their feelings to others, to recognise how others show feelings and how to respond

R2. to recognise that their behaviour can affect other people

R3. the difference between secrets and nice surprises (that everyone will find out about eventually) and the importance of not keeping any secret that makes them feel uncomfortable, anxious or afraid

R4. to recognise what is fair and unfair, kind and unkind, what is right and wrong

R5. to share their opinions on things that matter to them and explain their views through discussions with one other person and the whole class

R6. to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively (including strategies to resolve simple arguments through negotiation)

R7. to offer constructive support and feedback to others

R8. to identify and respect the differences and similarities between people

R9. to identify their special people (family, friends, carers), what makes them special and how special people should care for one another

R10. to judge what kind of physical contact is acceptable, comfortable, unacceptable and uncomfortable and how to respond (including who to tell and how to tell them)

R11. that people's bodies and feelings can be hurt (including what makes them feel comfortable and uncomfortable)

R12. to recognise when people are being unkind either to them or others, how to respond, who to tell and what to say

R13. to recognise different types of teasing and bullying, to understand that these are wrong and unacceptable

R14. strategies to resist teasing or bullying, if they experience or witness it, whom to go to and how to get help

R15. How to respond safely to adults they don't know

R16. About how to respond if physical contact makes them feel uncomfortable or unsafe

R17. About knowing there are situations when they should ask for permission and also when their permission should be sought

R18. About the importance of not keeping adults' secrets (only happy surprises that others will find out about eventually)

R19. Basic techniques for resisting pressure to do something they don't want to do and which may make them unsafe

R20. What to do if they feel unsafe or worried for themselves or others; who to ask for help and vocabulary to use when asking for help; importance of keeping trying until they are heard

R21. About what is kind and unkind behaviour, and how this can affect others

R22. About how to treat themselves and others with respect; how to be polite and courteous

R23. To recognise the ways in which they are the same and different to others

R24. How to listen to other people and play and work cooperatively

R25. How to talk about and share their opinions on things that matter to them

Relationships KS2

R1. to recognise that there are different types of relationships (e.g. friendships, family relationships, romantic relationships, online relationships)

R2. that people may be attracted to someone emotionally, romantically and sexually; that people may be attracted to someone of the same sex or different sex to them; that gender identity and sexual orientation are different

R3. about marriage and civil partnership as a legal declaration of commitment made by two adults who love and care for each other, which is intended to be lifelong

R4. that forcing anyone to marry against their will is a crime; that help and support is available to people who are worried about this for themselves or others

R5. that people who love and care for each other can be in a committed relationship (e.g. marriage), living together, but may also live apart

R6. that a feature of positive family life is caring relationships; about the different ways in which people care for one another

R7. to recognise and respect that there are different types of family structure (including single parents, same-sex parents, step-parents, blended families, foster parents); that families of all types can give family members love, security and stability

R8. to recognise other shared characteristics of healthy family life, including commitment, care, spending time together; being there for each other in times of difficulty

R9. how to recognise if family relationships are making them feel unhappy or unsafe, and how to seek help or advice

R10. about the importance of friendships; strategies for building positive friendships; how positive friendships support wellbeing

R11. what constitutes a positive healthy friendship (e.g. mutual respect, trust, truthfulness, loyalty, kindness, generosity, sharing interests and experiences, support with problems and difficulties); that the same principles apply to online friendships as to face-to-face relationships

R12. to recognise what it means to 'know someone online' and how this differs from knowing someone face-to-face; risks of communicating online with others not known face-to-face

R13. the importance of seeking support if feeling lonely or excluded

R15. strategies for recognising and managing peer influence and a desire for peer approval in friendships; to recognise the effect of online actions on others

R16. how friendships can change over time, about making new friends and the benefits of having different types of friends

R17. that friendships have ups and downs; strategies to resolve disputes and reconcile differences positively and safely

R18. to recognise if a friendship (online or offline) is making them feel unsafe or uncomfortable; how to manage this and ask for support if necessary

R19. about the impact of bullying, including offline and online, and the consequences of hurtful behaviour

R20. strategies to respond to hurtful behaviour experienced or witnessed, offline and online (including teasing, name-calling, bullying, trolling, harassment or the deliberate excluding of others); how to report concerns and get support

R21. about discrimination: what it means and how to challenge it

R22. about privacy and personal boundaries; what is appropriate in friendships and wider relationships (including online);

R23. about why someone may behave differently online, including pretending to be someone they are not; strategies for recognising risks, harmful content and contact; how to report concerns

R24. how to respond safely and appropriately to adults they may encounter (in all contexts including online) whom they do not know

R25. recognise different types of physical contact; what is acceptable and unacceptable; strategies to respond to unwanted physical contact

R26. about seeking and giving permission (consent) in different situations

R27. about keeping something confidential or secret, when this should (e.g. a birthday surprise that others will find out about) or should not be agreed to, and when it is right to break a confidence or share a secret

R28. how to recognise pressure from others to do something unsafe or that makes them feel uncomfortable and strategies for managing this

R29. where to get advice and report concerns if worried about their own or someone else's personal safety (including online)

H29. about how to manage setbacks/perceived failures, including how to re-frame unhelpful thinking

R30. that personal behaviour can affect other people; to recognise and model respectful behaviour online

R31. to recognise the importance of self-respect and how this can affect their thoughts and feelings about themselves; that everyone, including them, should expect to be treated politely and with respect by others (including when online and/or anonymous) in school and in wider society; strategies to improve or support courteous, respectful relationships

R32. about respecting the differences and similarities between people and recognising what they have in common with others e.g. physically, in personality or background

R33. to listen and respond respectfully to a wide range of people, including those whose traditions, beliefs and lifestyle are different to their own

R34. how to discuss and debate topical issues, respect other people's point of view and constructively challenge those they disagree with

L1. about what rules are, why they are needed, and why different rules are needed for different situations

L2. how people and other living things have different needs; about the responsibilities of caring for them

L3. about things they can do to help look after their environment

L4. about the different groups they belong to

L5. about the different roles and responsibilities people have in their community

L6. to recognise the ways they are the same as, and different to, other people

L7. about how the internet and digital devices can be used safely to find things out and to communicate with others

L8. about the role of the internet in everyday life

L9. that not all information seen online is true

L10. what money is; forms that money comes in; that money comes from different sources

L11. that people make different choices about how to save and spend money

L12. about the difference between needs and wants; that sometimes people may not always be able to have the things they want

L13. that money needs to be looked after; different ways of doing this

L14. that everyone has different strengths

L15. that jobs help people to earn money to pay for things

L16. different jobs that people they know or people who work in the community do

L1. to recognise reasons for rules and laws; consequences of not adhering to rules and laws

L2. to recognise there are human rights, that are there to protect everyone

L3. about the relationship between rights and responsibilities

L4. the importance of having compassion towards others; shared responsibilities we all have for caring for other people and living things; how to show care and concern for others

L5. ways of carrying out shared responsibilities for protecting the environment in school and at home; how everyday choices can affect the environment (e.g. reducing, reusing, recycling; food choices)

L6. about the different groups that make up their community; what living in a community means

L7. to value the different contributions that people and groups make to the community

L8. about diversity: what it means; the benefits of living in a diverse community; about valuing diversity within communities

L9. about stereotypes; how they can negatively influence behaviours and attitudes towards others; strategies for challenging stereotypes

L10. about prejudice; how to recognise behaviours/actions which discriminate against others; ways of responding to it if witnessed or experienced

L11. to appreciate the range of national, regional, religious and ethnic identities in the United Kingdom

L13. about some of the different ways information and data is shared and used online, including for commercial purposes

L14. about how information on the internet is ranked, selected and targeted at specific individuals and groups; that connected devices can share information

L15. recognise things appropriate to share and things that should not be shared on social media; rules surrounding distribution of images

L16. about how text and images in the media and on social media can be manipulated or invented; strategies to evaluate the reliability of sources and identify misinformation

L17. about the different ways to pay for things and the choices people have about this

L18. to recognise that people have different attitudes towards saving and spending money; what influences people's decisions; what makes something 'good value for money'

L19. that people's spending decisions can affect others and the environment (e.g. Fair trade, buying single-use plastics, or giving to charity)

L20. to recognise that people make spending decisions based on priorities, needs and wants

L21. different ways to keep track of money

L22. about risks associated with money (e.g. money can be won, lost or stolen) and ways of keeping money safe

L23. about the risks involved in gambling; different ways money can be won or lost through gambling-related activities and their impact on health, wellbeing and future aspirations

L24. to identify the ways that money can impact on people's feelings and emotions

L25. to recognise positive things about themselves and their achievements; set goals to help achieve personal outcomes

L26. that there is a broad range of different jobs/careers that people can have; that people often have more than one career/type of job during their life

L27. about stereotypes in the workplace and that a person's career aspirations should not be limited by them

L28. about what might influence people's decisions about a job or career (e.g. personal interests and values, family connections to certain trades or businesses, strengths and qualities, ways in which stereotypical assumptions can deter people from aspiring to certain jobs)

L29. that some jobs are paid more than others and money is one factor which may influence a person's job or career choice; that people may choose to do voluntary work which is unpaid

L30. about some of the skills that will help them in their future careers e.g. teamwork, communication and negotiation

L31. to identify the kind of job that they might like to do when they are older

L32. to recognise a variety of routes into careers (e.g. college, apprenticeship, university)